CONTRIBUTORS

ROBERT H. DONALDSON is Assistant Professor of Political Science at Vanderbilt University, currently on leave at the Department of State as an International Affairs Fellow of the Council on Foreign Relations. His book Soviet Policy Toward India: Ideology and Strategy will be published by Harvard University Press in 1974, and he has written articles for World Politics and Asian Survey. He and Professor Waller have published together Stasis and Change in Revolutionary Elites: A Comparative Analysis of the 1956 Party Central Committees in China and the USSR (in the Sage Publications Comparative Politics Series), and they are collaborating at present on a book-length study Comparative Communist Systems.

S. N. EISENSTADT is Professor of Sociology and former Dean, The Eliezer Kaplan School of Economics and Social Sciences at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem. He has held numerous visiting professorships at such universities as Harvard, Chicago, Michigan, MIT, and Oslo. He has been a Fellow of the Center for Advanced Studies in the Behavioral Sciences, Stanford, and of the Netherlands Institute for Advanced Study, Wassenaar. He has received the McIver Award of the American Sociological Association (1964) and the Israel Prize in Social Sciences (1973), and is a member of the Israel Academy of Sciences and Humanities, as well as an Honorary Foreign Member of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences and other international societies. His numerous publications, which appeared in Hebrew, English, German, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Japanese, and Korean, include The Political Systems of Empires (1963), Essays on Comparative Institutions (1965), Modernization: Protest and Change (1966), and Tradition, Change and Modernity (1973). In addition, he has edited The Protestant Ethic and Modernization (1969), Political Sociology (1971), and (with Stein Rokkan) Building States and Nations: Models, Analyses and Data Across Three Worlds (2 vols., 1973).

PAUL H. B. GODWIN is Assistant Professor of Government at Florida State University. He took his doctorate in political science at the University of Minnesota and has taught at Washington University, St. Louis. His major field of research and writing is comparative Communism. He is a coauthor of The Making of a Model Citizen in Communist China (1971) and is author of "China as a Strategic Problem for the United States" in R. Mollan and R. Hoover (eds.), Strategic and Political Problems of U.S. Foreign Policy in the 1970s (forthcoming).

JOHN H. KAUTSKY is Professor of Political Science at Washington University in St. Louis. He has taught at the University of Rochester, and has held research fellowships from the Harvard Russian Research Center, the Rockefeller Foundation, and the National Science Foundation. In addition, he has been a research associate at Harvard and at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Professor Kautsky is the author of Moscow and the Communist Party of India (1956), an editor and coauthor of Political Change in Underdeveloped Countries (1962), and the author of Communism and the Politics of Development (1968), The Political Consequences of Modernization (1972), and numerous articles on Communism and the politics of modernization.

NORMAN KOGAN is Professor of Political Science and Director, Center for Italian Studies at the University of Connecticut. He specializes in the politics and contemporary history of Italy and is Executive Secretary-Treasurer of the Society for Italian Historical Studies, His publications include Italy and the Allies (1956), The Government of Italy (1962), The Politics of Italian Foreign Policy (1963), and A Political History of Postwar Italy (1966).

PAUL F. LANGER is a Senior Staff Member of the Social Science Department at The Rand Carporation, Santa Monica, California. He has written extensively on Southeast Asian politics—particularly those of Laos, a country to which he paid extended visits in 1965 and 1967—and on international relations. Among recent publications, authored or coauthored by him, are North Vietnam and the Pathet Lao—Partners in the Struggle for Laos (1970), Education in the Communist Zone of Laos (1972), Communism in Japan—A Case of Political Naturalization (1972, to be reviewed in an early issue of this journal), and The Communist States in Disarray (1972).

NORMAN LEVINE is Associate Professor of History at the University of Maryland. From 1965 until 1970, when he assumed his present post, he taught at DePauw University, specializing in Marxist theory. Professor Levine has just completed a book entitled The Tragic Deception: Marx Contra Engels which is due for publication in 1974. He has published an article on German historiography "Gerhard Ritter's Weltanschauung" in the April 1968 issue of The Review of Politics, an article on Marx "Humanism Without Eschatology" in the April 1972 issue of The Journal of the History of Ideas, and several articles on radical Jewish thought in Judaism. He delivered a paper entitled "Marxism and Engelsism" at the December 1970 meeting of the American Historical Association, Support for research on the present paper at the International Institute of Social History in Amsterdam in 1971 came from the American Philosophical Society.

CHARLES B. McLANE is Professor of Government and former chairman of the Russian Civilization and Government departments at Dartmouth College. He has traveled widely in Russia and served as cultural attaché at the U.S. Embassy in Moscow in 1950–1952. In 1960–1961 he held a SEATO Fellowship for travel and study in Southeast Asia. Professor McLane has held visiting appointments at the Graduate Institute of International Studies at the University of Geneva, and at the University of Sierra Leone, and has done research at the London School of Economics, The International Institute for Strategic Studies, and the Central Asian Research Centre (which is publishing—in collaboration with the Columbia University Press—his three-volume study Soviet—Third World Relations, dealing with the Middle East, Asia, and Africa). In addition, he is the author of Soviet Policy and the Chinese Communists, 1931–1936 (1958) and Soviet Strategies in Southeast Asia (1962).

ALEX SIMIRENKO is Professor of Sociology at the Pennslyvania State University and the author of Pilgrims, Colonists, and Frontiersmen: An Ethnic Community in Transition (1964), a study of a Russian community in Minneapolis, Minnesota. Born in Kiev in 1931 of a prominent academic family, he lost his father in 1938 in the Stalin purges, when his father opposed the genetic theories of Lysenko. Simirenko left the Soviet Union as a child, during World War II, and was raised in Czechoslovakia and Germany. He came to the United States in 1950, and received his Ph.D. in sociology from the University of Minnesota in 1961. A specialist in social theory and comparative social structure, he is also editor of Soviet Sociology: Historical Antecedents and Current Appraisals (1966) and Social Thought in the Soviet Union (1969). At present he is writing a book on Soviet Society.

DEREK J. WALLER is currently Assistant Professor of Political Science at Vanderbilt University. His major field of interest is comparative politics, especially Chinese Communism and comparative Communist studies. He did field research in Hong Kong in 1967–1968 and in 1971. Together with Professor Donaldson (q.v.), he has published a similar study of the 1956 Soviet and Chinese Central Committees (in the Sage Publications Comparative Politics Series), and they are now preparing a book-length study of comparative Communist systems. Professor Waller is the author, as well, of The Government and Politics of Communist China (1970) and The Kiangsi Soviet Republic: Mao and the National Congresses of 1931 and 1934 (1973), and a coauthor of Comparative Communist Political Leadership (1973).